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A Chemist's Perspective to Heavy Fermion Intermetallics. Robin Macaluso, Willa Williams, Julia Chan, Dept. of Chemistry, Louisiana State Univ., 232 Choppin Hall, Baton Rouge, LA 70803 USA.

Our interests are in structure/property relationships of single crystal intermetallics that exhibit exotic properties that arise from strong electron-electron correlations. These materials include Kondo insulators and low-carrier density magnets, intermetallic superconductors and heavy fermion materials. We will discuss the synthesis and structure property relationships of two classes of intermetallic alloys that show magnetic ordering and/or superconductivity: $\text{Ln}_2\text{MIn}_{3n+2}$ ($\text{Ln} = \text{La, Ce}$; $\text{M} = \text{Co, Rh, Ir}$; $n = 1, 2, \infty$) and the newly discovered ternary phase $\text{Tb}_4\text{MGa}_{12}$ ($\text{M} = \text{Pd, Pt}$). Single crystals of heavy fermion intermetallics $\text{Ln}_2\text{MIn}_{3n+2}$ ($\text{Ln} = \text{La, Ce}$; $\text{M} = \text{Co, Rh, Ir}$; $n = 1, 2, \infty$) and have been synthesized and characterized by single crystal X-ray diffraction. The Ce-analogues exhibit antiferromagnetism and/ or superconductivity. These materials adopt a tetragonal structure in the space group $P4/mmm$. The $n = 1$ & 2 members are built up of Ce cuboctahedra and transition metal rectangular prisms. The structure of $\text{Tb}_4\text{MGa}_{12}$ ($\text{M} = \text{Pd, Pt}$), a cubic $\overline{Im\bar{3}m}$ ternary phase which consists of Tb cuboctahedra and transition metal octahedra will be compared to the $\text{Ln}_2\text{MIn}_{3n+2}$ family of compounds. Finally, we will discuss the magnetic susceptibility, specific heat, and resistivity of these intermetallics.